

## Stabilization of contaminated soil using soil additives

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## Stabilisation of contaminated soil –

Using soil amendments and vegetation  
(*phytostabilisation*)

- aluminosilicates
- organic matter
- iron and manganese (hydro)oxides
- alkaline material (eg coal fly ash)
- phosphate minerals

Metal tolerant species  
capable to immobilise  
metals within root zone



## Treatment of CCA contaminated soil from *Robertsfors bruks*



Concentrations  
mg/kg dw

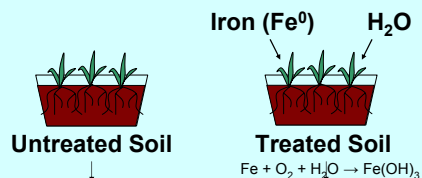
As = **5904±194**

Cr = **3829±161**

Cu = **1509±90**

Zn = **79±6**

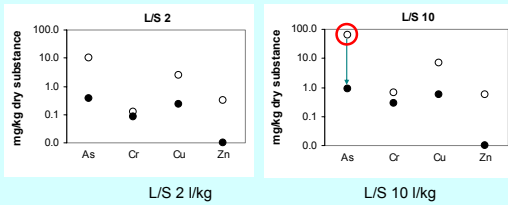
## Experimental design



- Compliance batch leaching test (NT 005)
- Sequential chemical extraction
- Physiologically based extraction test (PBET)
- Pore water (soil solution) analysis
- Plant biomass and element accumulation

## Results

### Batch leaching test – waste characterisation

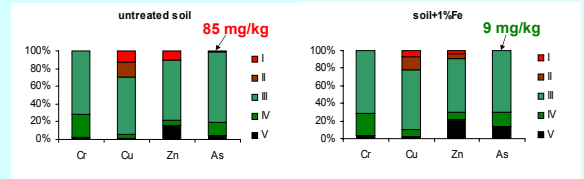


	L/S 2 l/kg				L/S 10 l/kg			
	As	Cu	Cr	Zn	As	Cu	Cr	Zn

	mg/kg dry substance							
HW	6	50	25	90	25	100	70	200
NHW	0.4	25	4	25	2	50	10	50
IW	0.1	0.9	0.2	2	0.5	2	0.5	4

## Results

### Sequential chemical extraction – detail information about contaminant mode

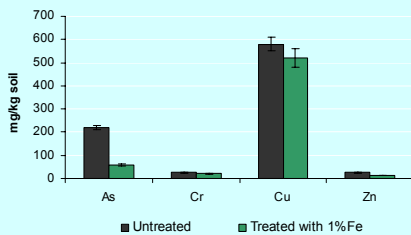


- I – exchangeable
- II – bound to carbonates
- III – bound to Fe-Mn oxides
- IV – bound to organic matter
- V – residual



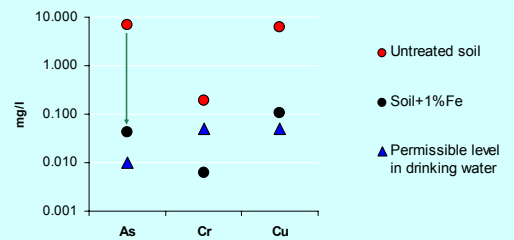
## Results

### Physiologically based extraction test (PBET)



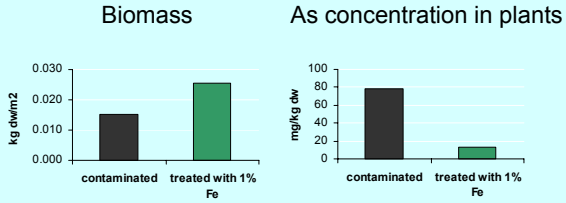
## Results

### Pore water (soil solution) analysis



# Results

## Plants



## Small scale field trial



Soil solution (pore water)

100 kg of soil + 1 kg of iron

Leachate

7 mg As/l – in untreated soil  
0.006 mg As/l in treated soil

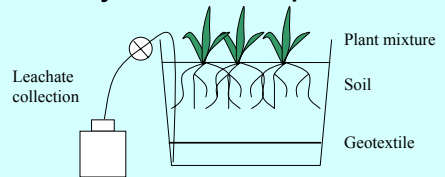


## Lysimeter experiment

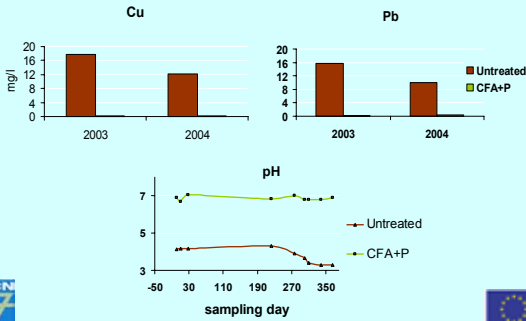
Small-scale field trial  
Slagnäs – Cu ore transshipment station



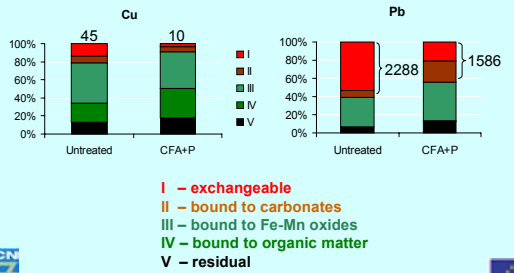
## Lysimeter experiment



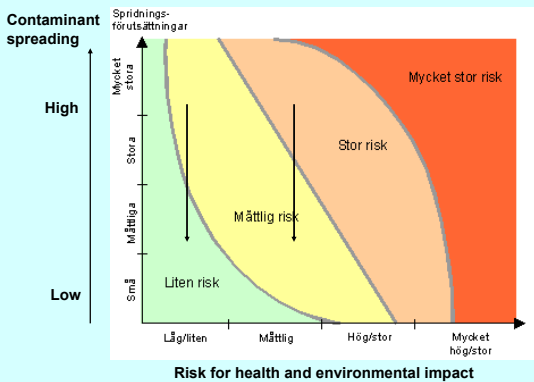
## Metal emissions



## Sequential extraction



## Risk evaluation



## Conclusions

- The tested soil amendments were effective for the stabilisation of trace element contaminated soil:
  - Coal fly ash and peat significantly reduced the mobility of Cu and Pb.
  - Zerovalent iron significantly reduced As concentrations in all extracts and analyzed media.
- Stabilisation can reduce the risk class of the contaminated soil.