

Network Oriented Risk assessment by Insitu Screening of Contaminated sites 2001-2003
Technology development project funded by the European Commission under the 5th Framework Programme



N.O.R.I.S.C.

Network Oriented Risk Assessment by In situ Screening of Contaminated Site



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Målsättning

- Förbättrad kvalitet på undersökningen
- Lägre kostnad
- Kortare tid för undersökning och utveckling av området



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Deltagare

- Tyskland
- Ungern
- Grekland
- Italien
- Polen
- Sverige



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I Sverige

- Uppsala universitet!
- SGU–Ulf Quarfort m fl
- Miljöförvaltningen i Stockholm–Bertil Engdal



Vem är jag?

- ◆ Jimmy Nilsson
- ◆ Civilingenjör miljö- och vattenteknik
- ◆ Projektanställd Uppsala universitet



Målsättning

- ◆ Förbättrad kvalitet
- ◆ Billigare
- ◆ Snabbare



Hur då?

- Kemiska fältmetoder
- Geofysiska metoder
- Ett "expertsystem"



Vad har gjorts?

- ◆ 4 st fältundersökningar
- ◆ 1 datorprogram



Expertsystemet

- Föröreningar-aktiviteter
- Geokemiska, hydrologiska, och geofysiska metoder
- Styrka, kostnad och tid



Hur använder man programmet?

- Tidigare aktivitet
- Storlek
- Jord/grundvatten/gas-prover
- Övriga parametrar, t ex grundvattenytan, akvifärer, metallskrot etc.



Resultat:

- En kombination av metoder:
- Lämpliga metoderna med låg kostnad



NORISC - DSS

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Sampling

Geophysical site characteristics

Geological and hydrogeological site characteristics

Other site characteristics

Site restrictions

Run

Info

Quit

Estimate amount of drillings/sampling

Area of site: Ha

Give number of boreholes/sampling points:

Give number of samples per borehole:

Number of samples:

Hourly rate for staff/lab cost calculation

Geotechnical: €

Geophysical: €

Do you want DSS to suggest number of samples?

Percentage of site which is contaminated: % not known

Suggested number of boreholes/sampling points:

Suggested number of samples:

Alternative A (geodrill)

Alternative B (geophysical)

Alternative C (geophysical)

Position (ground)

Location (object)

Height

+

RISC

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El Pinar - DSS

NORISC

Sampling

Select country/region: **ES**

Select methods for:

- Soil
- Groundwater
- Soil gas

Destination level: **and use**

Former activity: **Cathode ray**

Destination level: **soil**

Provide list of labmethods

Choose other contaminants:

These contaminants to look for:

Contaminant	Former activity	Guideline Value
Arsenic (As)		20
Benzene-toluene-ethylbenzene-xylene		2
Chromium (Cr)		100
Copper (Cu)		100
Mercury (Hg)		1
Mineral oils		10
Polychlorinated Hydrocarbons (PCBs)		100
Lead (Pb)		100
Zinc (Zn)		100

< Delete

Geotechnical site characteristics

Geological and hydrogeological site characteristics

Other site characteristics

Site restrictions

Plan

Info

Out

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Sampling

Main parameters:

- Vertical extent of stratigraphy
- Groundwater level
- Effective porosity
- Hydraulic conductivity

To be measured:

- Water content
- Pure water pressure
- Hydraulic transmissivity
- Fractures and discontinuities
- Lateral extent of stratigraphy

Optional parameters:

- Coefficient in bedrock
- Kard
- Hard rock, Sedimentary
- Clay
- Gravel
- Sand
- Shale
- Aquifer
- Aquiclude
- Td

To be measured:

- Average groundwater velocity
- Groundwater direction

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Restrictions

Classification:

Choose:

Steel concrete [area in cover]	> 50 % of total area
Steel concrete [area in cover]	< 50 % of total area
Concrete [area in cover]	< 20 % of total area
Concrete/Reinforced concrete	< 50 % of total area
Concrete [area in cover]	< 20 % of total area
Concrete/Rubber cover	< 20 % of total area
Butcher's tress	< 20 % of total area
Butcher's tress	< 20 % of total area
Topography	< 20 % of total area
Electric power lines or railroads	< 20 % of total area
Electric power lines or railroads	20 < area < 50 % total area
Electric power lines or railroads	> 50 % of total area

< Delete

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Method **Method** **Method** **Total Cost(€)** **Total Time(**

X-Ray Fluorescence (mobile)	Gas chromatography with Flame Ionisation Detector (GC/FID)		18 226,5	56,5
All possible methods				
Gas chromatography with Flame Ionisation Detector (GC/FID)			7 156,1	44,2
GC/MS			13 229,3	44,7
Gas chromatography with Photo Ionisation Detector (GC/PID)			7 156,1	44,2
Gas chromatography with Thermal Conductivity Detector (GC/TCD)			7 156,1	44,2
XRay Fluorescence (mobile)			11 070,6	56,5

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2001-2003			
Combination of methods suggested by the DRS based on the parameters chosen by the user.			
Method 1: Continuous Plume or C-Screen (H) Method 2: Point (P) - Point Survey (H)	Method 3: Point (P) - Point Survey (M)	Total Cost(E)	Total Time(h)
Combination 1: Method 1: Continuous Plume or C-Screen (H) Method 2: Point (P) - Point Survey (H)		39,12	2,0
Combination 2: Method 1: Continuous Plume or C-Screen (H) Method 2: Point (P) - Point Survey (M)		39,12	2,0
Combination 3: Method 1: Continuous Plume or C-Screen (M) Method 2: Point (P) - Point Survey (H)		39,12	2,0
Combination 4: Method 1: Continuous Plume or C-Screen (M) Method 2: Point (P) - Point Survey (M)		39,12	2,0
Combination 5: All possible methods			
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Vem kan ha nytta av programmet?			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Länsstyrelsen? • Kommuner? • Små företag? 			
			

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2001-2003			
Vad händer sedan?			
Projektet klart 2003			
Programmet gratis!			
			

